New York Politics.

They are an eminently practical people in New York. steal anything good from us. They go for the solid things of this life. They like the ulation to her. It pays, as also does Southern trade.

As we said before, New Yorkers are practical people, with no nonsense about them. They are not so foolish as to quarrel about such mere abstractions as political principles. Not they, indeed. No matter what party may be in power, there will be grumbling and dissatisfaction-several thousand dollars worth of dissatisfaction in New York. There have been splits existing in the Democratic and opposition parties for years. Old Hunkers and Barnburners-Hard Shells and Soft Shells -among the Democrats; Silver Greys and Woolly Heads among the opposition. No doubt there have been, and are, honest men in all these sections, but we believe that most of these splits had their origin in a struggle after the spoils of office. The Custom House at New York is the great battle-ground for national politics in the city. It is said that, one way or another, the Collector has the appointment of something like a thousand persons. Some of the appointments are fat .-Washington by rival squads of patriots anxious to serve their country—the Collector is bedevilled at New York. Then, again, another bother frequently arises in this way: A man is powerfully recommended to the President : indeed, his appointment to the office of Collector is urged successfully. This man has been passionately identified with one or other of the warring sections of the party. He goes into office with the feelings, not of a Democrat, but of a Hunker or Barnburner. He uses the patronage of his own passions and prejudices; for the exaltation of one wing of the party, and the abasement of the other. That was the case with Judge Bronson, over whom such a fuss was made. It is likely that the same thing will soon occur again. It is time that these people were made to know that New York is not the Union, nor the Democratic party—that we made one President without her and can do so again.

est in the success of the Atlantic Telegraph. About all amounts to something. he is worth in the world is embarked in that, and in the Newfoundland line. He holds \$250,000 worth of the stock of the Atlantic Cable from Trinity Bay to Valentia, to say nothing of his interest in the lines connecting Trinity Bay with the civilized world.

The par value of the stock is one thousand pounds per share. At one time, previous to the failure of last year, the shares of £1,000 had gone up to £1,200. After the subsequent disastrous losses of cable and apparent failures, the stock went down to £300 per share, but would appear to have rallied since the cable has actually been laid, and may again reach par. It ought to go above it, since the company is guaranteed over five per cent on its whole capital by the Governments of Great Britain and the United States. Perhaps no Company has ever received so liberal assistance from Trinity Bay. governments. The governments explore the sea bottom for the Company. The vessels of the governments lay the Cable. The Treasuries of the governments pay more than six per cent on all the stock subscribed, and nearly if not quite six on all that can be wanted, and then all the profits of the monopoly go to the Company of disin-

The laying of the Cable is a great affair-a great step in the progress of the age. But it developes no new principle. Its probable effects can only be speculated upon. As things stand now it may benefit wealthy speculators and the British government, for the American government will send nothing confidential over a line worked by her rival. As for diffusing knowledge and civilization at a dollar a word, that of course won't pay. Why then should we deify shrewd speculators who boldly ventured their money under such a guarantee as the Company had from the British and American governments. The history of internal improvements in the United States shows that every man who subscribes to the stock of a new railroad runs a bigger risk of losing his money than Cyrus W. Field, or any other of the stockholders of the Atlantic Telegraph ever did.

Suppose—yes, just suppose a great many things. Suppose that you or we had "a heap" of money, half a million, or some such trifle, we might then suppose ourselves going rapidly to the Springs or to the deuce, we don't know which, for there is no saying what might be the effect of such a thing upon weak nerves, and susceptible dispositions.

Suppose again, that you or we were to suddenly wake up and find ourselves King of the Cannibal Islands with our teeth sharpened, our corporosity covered with strange devices, rings in our nose and upper lip, plenty of cold roast man in the larder, an uncountable array of black wives and a keg of rum, then wouldn't we feel fully provided for. We would be "big man some."

Suppose, further, that we were neither a half million naire nor His Ferocious Highness, Hokee Pokee, Wil likee Wam, king of the Islands aforesaid; nor any other great and independent person, but simply our unfortunate selves, we would anxiously look forward to a time in which the weather would be more en- who had not the means to do so. durable-the can't-get-a-way club less miserable, there would be more people to tell news and fewer to ask it. simply for the purpose of killing their time, careless of robbing you of yours.

THUNDER, LIGHTNING, RAIN AND COOL WEATHER .-Yesterday was one of the sultriest and most oppressive days of the season. The themometer d'1 not go over ninety, but the total absence of breeze, together with the peculiar feeling in the atmosphere, imparted a sense of languor and oppression almost insupportable. Towards evening the sky began to be overcast. The northern horizon was marked by a dark bank of clouds of almost inky blackness. By night-fall the clouds had spread from North to South, and thunder and rain set in charge. The loss will probably reach \$50,000. in, and it did rain, lighten and thunder with great violence. We hardly ever saw as much lightning, nor heard such a continuous rumbling of thunder. It was will not be surprised to hear of sickness produced by the command at Fort Riley. sudden change.

We somehow omitted to notice at the time, the fact that the Telegraph office here was handsomely illuminated on the evening of the 16th, in honor of the first message through the Atlantic Cable. By the way, speaking of the Telegraph office, we can say with truth that our chief operator here, Mr. FRANK CLANCY, cannot be surpassed anywhere for courtesy, attention and gentlemanly bearing; and, indeed, all hands

THE CABLE.—There is no use in trying it any longer. We have endeavoured to keep clear of the cable TRANSIENT Advertisers will please bear in mind that their advertisements cannot appear in this paper without first being paid for in advance. This rule will te strictly carried out, without respect to persons.

No name for either the Daily or Weekly Journal, will hereafter be entered on our list without payment being made in advance, and the paperwill in all cases be discontinued when the time paid for expires.

Oct. 29, 1857. fever, which is now raging as an epidemic, but we fear

and we feel assured that our exchanges will not be able to

The associate fared sumptuously yesterday. On Union, and they like to make it profitable. They like Saturday he was presented with a fine large fish from the Union, because a large portion of its revenues are | Waccamaw Lake, sent to him by Mrs. Brothers, who collected and disbursed at New York, because a great keeps the new hotel there for the accommodation of visideal of Government money is given towards the main- tors to that beautiful sheet of water. Mrs. B. is welltainance of steamship monopolies, running between New known as keeping the meal house at Fair Bluff on the York and European ports. In fact New York is quite Wilmington & Manchester Rail Road, in a style which a Union-loving City, because the Union is a good spec- guarantees satisfaction to all who may be her guests at and the condition of the line and instruments at the

the psora was raging at a fearful rate among his York neighbors, and that all efforts to stay the fearful plague message transmitted yesterday was handed to the Newhad proved unavailing, was arrested and held to bail for foundland line as the genuine, entire message, and was libel on the borough of York in having asserted that the supposed here to be such until this morning. plague was raging there. Somebody has since told the Yorkites that the Spy man simply charged them with having the itch and they are madder than ever.

Telegraph Rejolcings. They have rejoiced the Cupola off the City Hall, N. York, and burned some of the garrett of that noble building, to the great discomfort of the rats and the bell-ringer. Cupola caught fire from a firework on the night of

the 17th. \$50,000 worth of rejoicing. Also, they fired a hundred guns from the roof of the

The Darlington, S. C., Flag has got a complete All are sought after. The President is importuned at new suit of type, and looks well. It is a capital district paper and ought to be well sustained. We sympathise with Mr. Warley, the Editor, in his misfortunes. Printers and publishers will get sick like other folks, but Editors have no such privilege. Price of the Flag \$2,00

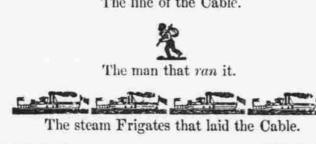
Tom Corwin has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of Ohio. Tom does'nt go the whole stripe, but still the Republicans take him as he is.

The joy of the nation over this great triumph of office neither for the promotion of party harmony science is unbounded. No event of this or any other nor public good, but simply for the gratification of his age can bear any comparison with it in point of practical importance, or in the absolute infinity of its scope

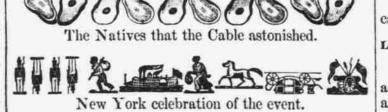
We copy the above from the Washington Union, as specimen of the double-distilled nonsense that s put forth on account of the Atlantic Telegraph. The Nation" don't include the South, for it is as calm as a summer morning," and most people think, that perhaps the discovery of America was quite as important-some even look upon the American revolution as nearly so .--Naturally enough, Mr. Field feels a deep inter- Some again might think that the invention of printing vate business.

> The Great Atlantic Cable Illustrated, Our artists have been at work, and we are enabled to-day to place the results of their labors before our readers in the following series of splendid illustrations:

> > The line of the Cable.



The towns at the end of the line.





Where the enthusiasm came from

Queen Victoria's Bonnet.

President Buchanan's Hat.

Cyrus Field's Umbrella.

Peter Cooper's Boots.

Probable good to us here

000,000,0001 CENT.

Sr. Louis, August 18.—The Utah mail of the 24th ult. has arrived here. All the Mormons who left Salt Lake City on the approach of the United States troops have returned to their homes, except a small portion Defines his Position—It will

manches, Cheyennes, and Arrapahoes.

New York City Hall Partially Burnt. NEW YORK, Aug. 18 .- Our City Hall was partially burnt last night. The dome and centre upper story were destroyed, but all-the documents were saved. The wings

Army Intelligence.

Health of New Orleans. New Orleans, Aug. 17 .- The number of deaths re ported from yellow fever for the week is 285. The numper of deaths yesterday is 58.

The Yellow Fever at New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, 19 .- There were forty-three deaths from yellow fever on Wednesday. NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 20 .- The number of deaths yesterday from yellow fever was twenty-eight.

Somebody, we believe Punch, wrote the following overboard—another piece."

Official Vote of Columbus County. COM.

66 65 90 50 43 92 69

DISTRICTS.

689 291 532 522 458 541 519 244 152 Time Occupied in Transmitting the Messages.

electrician-in-chief at Trinity Bay, says he is unable to of the cable, but that the time necessary for the trans and a principal station for Atlantic steamers." mission of the President's message depends on its length time-perhaps, under favorable circumstances, an hour N., and lon. 52 W. and a half. The reception of the Queen's message was The Columbia, Pa., Spy having asserted that commenced early yesterday morning, and not finished until this morning, but it was stopped for several hours to allow of repairs to the cable. The fragment of the

The President's Message Transmitted. TRINITY BAY, August 19.—To the President of the United States, Washington, D. C.: Your message, in reply to that of the Queen, was transmitted to Valentia at 7 o'clock this morning. Its transmission was delayed until this time for some cause occurring at Valentia, with which I am not yet acquainted

DE SAUTY, Chief Electrician.

The Occan Telegraph at Block Island. now running as a packet between the Pequot House, suggest itself by the observation of what passed around the success of the Atlantic cable on Tuesday, when tions, the odure of man and animals, the decaying careverything that could make a noise was called into re- casses of the latter, allowed to accumulate and rot on the number of one hundred and thirty-two, were arranged tion on these spots far surpassing that of the adjacent in the form of a crescent, following the outline of the soil. The repeated observation of such facts cannot fail bay, producing a most beautiful effect. The hotels were to have arrested attention, and to have led, on reflection, also brilliantly illuminated.

Latest from the Cable. NEW YORK, Aug. 20th .- Mr. Field, on Wednesday, sent a message to the British directors, and received the following reply to-day:

Valentia, Aug. 19 .- The directors have just met, and congratulate you on your success. The Agamemnon arrived here at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 5th. We are just on the point of chartering a ship to lay the shore ends, and no time will be lost in sending them out. CARBONEAR, (N. F.,) Aug. 19 .- The cable is work-A. McKAY. ing beautifully. Cyrus station sent a very explicit message to-day to the agent at Liverpool respecting the accident to the and Romans are found many notices of the attention they American gentleman, who was well acquainted with him, bushels—perhaps far less; that Iowa will export less

Conception bay, a few miles from Cyrus station.

Resignation of Mr. Field. New York, Aug. 20 .- Mr. Field still persists in resigning the active managership of the Atlantic telegraph, owing to his impaired health and the pressure of his pri-

until the 1st of September.

Arrival of the City of Washington. ngton has arrived with Liverpool dates of the 4th.

Later from Europe-Arrival of the Steamship Arabla-Narrow Escape of the Cable. New York, Aug. 20.—The R. M. steamship Arabia and newspapers are missing, consequently nothing sub-

sequently to Friday has been received. The Agamemnon arrived at Valentia on the merning of the 5th. On receipt of this intelligence the cable shares advanced from 350 to £850.

A despatch dated at Valentia on the 5th, says that a break in the communication occurred to the cable on the forded. Thus chalk was employed in some places as a nineteenth century" is abolished in London. day the Niagara and Agamemnon parted, which lasted great adjunct to farmyard manure for turnips and all for an hour and a half. The Agamemnon was stopped, and the injury repaired, though not until all hopes of long the sea coasts, calcareous sea-sand and sea-weeds holding on to the cable had been abandoned.

On the succeeding Friday the Agamemnon encountered a gale, against which the ship, under full steam, could waste, under the name of soap ash, woollen rags, &c., hardly make headway. For three succeeding days the were in common use. Later still, animal matters, such gale continued, with violent squalls; the sea running as fish and bone, and other dressings, were in demand. tremendously high, and no one on board expecting the cable to hold from one minute to another. On Wednesday the storm moderated, shallow water

was gained, and all went well until the Agamemnon The basis of their mode is, as so often reiterated by anchored in Valentia harbor.

tecting the interest of her daughter. Later from Mexico and Texas.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—By advices from Mexico

It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in the Big Blue region between the Pawnees and the Ca-who addressed him the letter in question, and others touching the same matter, for in a card to the Mobile Tribune the real Captain M. makes this emphatic and spicy denial of his identity with the writer of the Cleve-land letters:

Ohio in my life; and I pronounce the entire article in which my name is mentioned to be a deliberate lie. I may be willing to rest quit under the mortification of having met on equal terms one, who, though, imposed on Sr. Louis, Aug. 17.—Leavenworth advices of the me at the time as a gentleman, has since turned out to 14th, per U. S. Express Company to Booneville 17th be a chevalier d'industrie. I may be willing to pass over the baseness of an adventurer who fought me in magnificent and terrible. The result is, that this morn- Capt. Simpson, of the commissary department, have ar- armour; but to be presented to the world in the ridicuing the weather is quite cool enough for comfort and we rived from the plains. The former shortly assumes the lous attitude of the champion of the Blount-de-Riviere family, is a little too strong, and it may be fortunate for the author that he maintains his incognite. H. MAURY, Mobile, Ala."

> STRANGE COMPARISON .- One of our exchanges gets slightly excited and piles on the "high falutin" in this

A grain of carmine will tinge a gallon of water, so above without referring to the original, as published in that in every drop the color will be perceptible; and a the Queen's vernacular .- Petersburg Express. grain of musk will scent a room twenty years. Just so if a man cheat the printer—the stain will be forever visible on the minute atoms of his minute soul, and will Bank, the money in that State must be below par : "It leave a scent of rascality about an individual strong may be proper to add, that a bushel of notes are traded in the office appear anxious to give satisfaction to the in the cable broke: "Mr. Buchanan—On earth—peace gust, and kick him out of his presence, if he can't get their value while traveling to remote sections of the has tried the expriment, and the result was that he has rid of him any other way.

Valentia Harbor.

This place, hitherto comparatively unknown, is about to assume vast importance, as the European terminus of the Atlantic Telegraph. The following description of

"Valentia, or Kenmore, an island off the west coast of Ireland, Munster, County of Kercy, three miles S. W. of Cabirciveen, and separated from the main land by a strait 11/4 miles in breadth, and which forms the most western harbor in the British Islands :- lat. 51.55 N., long. 10.19 W. Length is island, 7 miles; breadth 12 2 miles. It gives the title of Viscount to the Annesley

"Valentia, or Valencia, a town or village at the southeastern extremity of the island of Valentia, Ireland, is beautifully enclosed among brown mountain slopes .-Population of town and parish 2,482. The harbor is tinct babblings of infancy were over, what word they deep, capacious, and completely land-locked, and being St. Johns, (N. F.,) Aug. 17 .- Mr. De Santy, the the most western part of Europe, has lately attracted considerable attention in consequence of a proposal to the end of that time, on his one day opening the door teresting spectacle of the conflagration. give any information for publication as to the working make it the western terminus of railway communication, of the room and going in, the children both ran up to By one o'clock the cupola fell, at which time the room

> Trinity Bay, and Bulls Arm Bay, are on the eastern coast of the island of New Foundland, about lat. 47

> > The History of Manures.

The history of manures cannot date so far back as the origin of agriculture, which was coeval with the foundation of society itself. In the earlier periods of the world, when the face of the ground was but thinly inhabited, and a virgin soil exhibited abundant fertility, the wants of man were readily supplied. With ample choice of ground at his command, he had only to remove to another spot, when land under cultivation for some time no longer yielded the same increase. The fact of diminished productiveness, by prolonged cultivation, was, no doubt, early observed; but the reason of this did not, probably, give rise to much speculation, so long as the remedy was at hand in the fresh soil around. But as population increased, and the habits of men became less omadic, the necessity of restoring to the exhausted soil ist, Liebig, is from a European correspondent of Monits fertility, would become a question of serious considera-BLOCK ISLAND, (R. I.,) Aug. 19.—The yacht Lennie, tion. The mode of doing this in the simplest way would New London, and Block Island, took over the news of them. The refuse materials ejected from their habita- His laboratory and lecture room are in the same house what damaged by water, but not to a serious extent. quisition, and in the evening the island boats, to the surface of the ground, gave rise to a luxuriant vegeta- ed their attention with a slight bow. He wore a dress had been piled away for years past, were mostly deto correct cause and effect. It was thus early seen, that organic structures in a state of cremacausis, the filth from crowded habitations, and other matters which are offensive to the organs, when allowed to decay on expo- expressive. He is, indeed, a good deal of an orator, and sure, were intended by nature to be buried under ground, and thus to effect at once the removal of pollution from was fifty-six years old on the 12th of May, 1857. He several of them are said to be runned by water. The City Hall bell stood the flames, and is said not to have been injured in the least. the air that was breathed, and to restore the lost fertili- was born in Darmstadt, and at the age of twenty-one ty of the soil. Hence the earliest form of nature, and was made Professor at Giessen. In 1852, he came to that which has remained unchanged through succeeding Munich. Between the years 1832 and 1856, he publishages, and at the present day still forms the standard of ed one hundred and seventy-seven papers, many of which comparison for other manures, was a mixture of the excrement and urine of animals with other decaying animal bearing; he is, however, on the side of progress, and have come to this conclusion: that of the wheat crop and vegetable matter. In the writings of the Greeks heads the reform party in the University. I heard an of 1858 Illinois will not export more than six m

paid to agriculture and manures. *Carbonear is a village and telegraph station on an arm of first century of the Christian era, wrote a great work, He is cross and tyrannical to his assistants, and they do fifths as much as of the crop of 1857; that Indiana will divided into twelve books, on agriculture. In the second not deserve such treatment." of these he speaks of the breaking up and preparation of Arrival of the Ningara .- Another Cable to be Latd. | hill; and also advises the collection of all kinds of ashes, | A correspondent of the Rochester Union says: New York, Aug. 18.—The United States steam—and the burning of weeds, shrubs, trees, and stubble, in As I stood last might, for an hour after twilight, upon is certainly less than commercial papers estimate it. frigate Niagara arrived and anchored off the battery at fields; and the application of the incinerated matter as the bow of the scow, as she was moving along behind The corn crop will somewhat affect the price of wheat, p. m. She was greeted by salutes from various manure. The writing of this and other authors prove the steam-tug at the rate of six or seven miles per hour, but there is no possibility of its being an average yield. Mr. Field has not the slightest doubt of the entire success of the enterprise. He wrote by the Persia today to the directors in London to prepare another cable ordinary composts. Columella says he is not ignorant As we met or passed boats towed by horses or mules immediately, as it was evident that the present one, that there are some farms in the country in which neith- there was no delay-no crowding, and plenty of room which will in a short time transmit messages as rapidly er the dung of cattle nor of birds is to be obtained .- to spare. The boats which we overtook on the way as any air-line, will not be sufficient for all the business. However, he is a slothful husbandman who has no malappeared to be running stern foremost, so quickly did The cable is to be closed to all messages, except those nure. He may, states the same authority, collect any we rush by them. Our tug burns only a ton of coal in from the governments of the United States and England, kind of leaves, the cutting of briars, and can do a great deal of labor with that attacked on Monday and they died within twenty-four ways; he may cut ferns, and mix these with the cleanings amount of fuel. of his courtyard; he may dig a hollow place, such as was directed for the dunghill, and throw into it ashes, the dirt of BLINKERS ON HORSES .- Mr. Rarey having been asked her two children, who died the next day after eating NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The steamer City of Wash- the kennels, all kinds of straw, and everything that is his opinion with regard to the use of "blinkers" on swept from the house. Indeed, the various processes now horses, replies in a communication to the London Times, It was said that Great Britain gives satisfaction to followed by agriculturalists to render the soil fertile were in which he states that his experience with and observa-Spain in the matter of the action of the British cruisers known by the Romans. They incorporated the light tion of horses proves that "blinkers should not be used, in the Cuban waters; and, also, that the cabinet at with heavy soils, and rendered them more porous; and and that the sight of the horse, for many reasons, should Washington expresses satisfaction with the action of the although unacquainted with the theory of the operation, not be interfered with in any way." Horses are only papers this morning; the rust in oats (and rye) which they may be said to have originated the principle of the fearful of objects which they do not understand or are There were vague rumors that Nena Sahib had been modern process of subsoil-ploughing; for in some dis- not familiar with, and the eye is one of the principal tricts it was the custom every fifth or seventh year to mediums by which this understanding and this familiardig as deep as the rain penetrated, and turn up the bottom of the mould, by which the corn fields were said to be renewed, the particles of earth proper to the nourish- jeets which usually startle them with far more safety arrived here at an early hour, but the regular packages ment of the plants being supplied, to be carried down- when the eye has an opportunity to examine the object wards along with the rain. The practice of economi- fully. The horse is a better judge of distances than sing and employing farmyard manure and composts in man, and if allowed the free use of his eyes would avoid

general may be said to have been transmitted from the collisions frequently caused by the carelessness of his Romans, with little change, to the beginning of the pres- driver. Mr. Rarey states that the use of blinkers is kinds of grain; in others, marl superceded lime; and awere in high repute. In other districts, where manufactures were established, the refuse materials, such as soap

Although by the foregoing one sees what knowledge even the Romans possessed of manures, still they were far behind the Chinese in their system of agriculture.-Liebeg, to return to the soil every ingredient that has The German papers says that the Queen's visit to Berlin is to arrange for a regency, with a view of prostead of the land becoming impoverished, it has augstead of the land becoming impoverished, it has augmented in fertility with a continually increasing population, since the time of Abraham or of the Egyptian pyramids. All those means, says Liebeg, which the we learn that Vidaurri left Monterey on the 27th with a second column against the capital. He would unite on the 27th with a second column against the capital. He would unite on the 27th with our them he produces of the Chinese, but without them he produces of the Chinese, but without them he produces crops more than double those of his Teutonic brother .ing to join him from Durango. Vidaurri was expecting No doubt other conditions exist in China different to Later Texas advices announce that General Twiggs meat, while here meat is partaken of for which fodder is Germany; some of them are Buddhists, and eat no had ordered an expedition of four companies of calvary required; but that is not the question—here principles and fifth infantry, to be provisioned for three months, against the frontier Indians. Col. Titus's company passthe view to obtain meat, but in order to have dung; Suicide.—Col. Ed. Yarboro, son of the proprietor of and by this they prove that they do not understand a Yarboro's Hotel, in Raleigh, North Carolina, commit-scientific law. In fixing a scientific principle, the first ted suicide in that city Tuesday night by cutting his question is not whether it is advantageous, but whether throat and stabbing himself in the heart. He was much it be true? In scientific agriculture dung no longer estcemed in Raleigh, and leaves a widow, who was so ill exists. All the ideas conveyed by this word are now came on the floor? at the time of the occurrence that she could not be inform- exploded. Like the word phlogiston, which became ob-It has arrived here. All the Mormons was according to the United States troops have returned to their homes, except a small portion who had not the means to do so.

Gov. Young is reported to have shut himself and family those of his bretheren who disagreed with him in regard these of his bretheren who disagreed with him in regard to peace measures.

Defines his Position.—It will be remembered that a paragraph was lately going the rounds of the press to the effect that Captain Harry Maury, of Mobile, had an ounced himself the champion of the Blount family, and "ready to maintain their honor," in a letter addressed to a Cleveland, Ohio, paper, in which the writer to peace measures.

"I intended to return, and do so; but on getting engaged as an "aggraph was lately going the rounds of the press to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain gate term to bind together a number of unknown causes to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain gate term to bind together a number of unknown causes to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain gate term to bind together a number of unknown causes to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain gate term to bind together a number of unknown causes to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain an ounced himself the champion of the Blount family, and "ready to maintain their honor," in a letter addressed to a Cleveland, Ohio, paper, in which the writer when the remembered that a paragraph was lately going the rounds of the press to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain an under the dampton of paper, in a letter addressed to a Cleveland, Ohio, paper, in which the writer when the remembered that a paragraph was lately going the rounds of the press to render them comprehensible. After it was ascertain an under the remembered that a paragraph was lately going the rounds of the press to render them comprehensible. After it General Johnson intended moving his encampment to he place designated for winter quarters.

It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is reported that a severe battle has been fought in It is what it was, water moistens as before, what immense progress the human race has made since the right conception of air, oxygen, and the process of combustion took the place of the word phlogiston? A similar, but greater and more blessed advancement, must follow from the right knowledge or perception of the ces many families in our land. nutritive process in plants and animals; and it is as absurd for a chemical teacher to explain phenomena by phlogiston, as it would be for the farmer to employ the "It is well known here that I have been in this city for, in the piace of this word, which is now without all this summer. I never wrote a line to any paper in meaning, the word manure as compost is now substituted, expressing that for each plant there are certain ingredients serving as food, from the great effect of which the phenomena must be explained .- Dr. Musprat's Dictionary of Chemistry, part 44, just out in London.

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE IN "DUTCH."-The new German paper at Richmond, Va., publishes that part of Queen Victoria's message first received, as follows: Ihre Majestat wunscht hiermit dent Presidenten hinfichtlich der erfolgreichen Boffendung des groben, internationalen werkes, in welchem die Konigin des tieffse

We agree with our friend of the Whig, that if the reader will drink twenty glasses of larger, and then stand on his head, he will perhaps be able to decipher the

Judging from the following notice of a Minnesota

ORIGINAL MODE OF DECIDING THE ANTIQUITY OF RACE.—The Egyptians, before the reign of their King
Psammetichus, believed themselves to be the most an
City Hall, and was discovered shortly after 12 o'clock cient of mankind. Since Psammetichus, however, made on Wednesday morning. It burst out in a terrific vol. the Atlantic Telegraph. The following description of the island and town we copy from Lippencott's Gazet an attempt to discover who were actually the primitive ume, and in a short time the whole of the magnificent race, they have been of opinion that, while they surpass cupola, from the base up to the statute of the Goddess all other nations, the Phyrgians surpass them in antiquity. This king, finding it impossible to make out by dint of inquiry what men were the most ancient, con- works had been started during the day. trived the following method of discovery: He took two children of the common sort, and gave them over full of firemen, their machines, and large numbers of exto a herdsman to bring up at his folds, strictly charging cited citizens. him to let no one utter a word in their presence, but to The firemen found it impossible to bring water to bear keep them in a sequestered cottage, and from time to on the cupola. Only one engine was sufficiently power. time introduce goats to their apartments, see that they ful to play upon the clock tower, and before that could get their fill of milk, and in all other respects look after be got to work the whole structure was in a bright them. His object herein was to know, after the indis- blaze. would first articulate. It happened as he anticipated. The herdsman obeyed his orders for two years, and at and roman candles leant a strange brilliancy to the inhim with outstretched arms, and distinctly said "Becos." gave way, and the fire burst in huge volcanoes of flame When this first happenened the herdsman took no no- from the windows of the chambers immediately above tice; but afterwards, when he observed, on coming often | the governor's room. to see after them, that the word was constantly in their | The scene at this time was awfully grand. A sea of mouths, he informed his lord, and by his command up-turned faces, illumined by the glare of the conflagrabrought the children into his presence. Psammetichus tion, was visible as far as the eye could reach; and high then himself heard them say the word, upon which he up above their heads was another multitude, roused from proceeded to make inquiry what people there was who their slumbers, peopling the windows of the Astor House called anything "Becos," and hereupon he learnt that and other hotels in he neighborhood. Becos " was the Phrygian name for bread. In con- By 4 o'clock the flames were pretty well extinguished sideration of this circumstance, the Egyptians yielded The loss by fire and water througout the entire building their claims, and admitted the greater antiquity of the will amount (says the N. Y. Journal of Commerce) to Phrygians. That these were the real facts I learnt at over \$22,000. The injury to furniture in the Governor's Memphis from the priests of Vulcan. The Greeks, room and other portions of the building, is estimated at among other foolish tales, relates that Psammetichus \$2,000; and the damage on the building \$20,000. The had the children brought up by women whose tongues centre room of the Governor's apartments was the only

> bringing up was such as I have stated above. Rawlinson's History of Herodotus. Liebig.—The following account of the eminent chem-

roe's Rural New Yorker: "On the last day which I passed in Munich, I went to hear the world-renowned chemist, Liebig, lecture. | Clerk's Office of the Court of Common Pleas were somein which he resides. When he entered the lecture room, The storerooms in the upper-story of the building, where the students all rose to receive him, and he acknowledgblack coat and white pantaloons. Liebig is a fine in- stroyed. It is said that about one-half of them will be tellectual looking man, tall though not broad; has iron a total loss. grey hair, which has fallen off from his broad and projecting forehead : he wears no beard. He lectures in a very conversational manner, part of the time sitting; makes many gestures and good ones too. His face is express this opinion : 'I do not know a man whom a lit- than one million bushels-probably less than half a mil-Columella, who flourished during the early part of the tle judicious damning would do as much good as Liebig.'

the ground, and gives an account of the different kinds | Steam on Canals.—The papers of Western New millions of bushels. Bear in mind we offer these as very of grain, pulse, and artificial grasses, with the tillage appropriate for each. He gives directions for carefully canal "fleet," with Governor King on board, that last duce the amount for export to almost nothing. At collecting the excrement of cattle, for littering them with week experimented on the Erie Canal. They seem to present the quantity is wasting at the rate of many straw, which was to be removed when soiled to the dung- think the adoption of steam is a "foregone conclusion."

that the ancients not only paid attention to the manage- I asked, how can men doubt the practicability of steam

ent century, varied only by the use and incorporation rapidly disappearing in the United States, and predicts into composts of such articles as particular districts af- increased usefulness in the horse when this "folly of the

NORTHEASTERN RAIL ROAD.—We passed down and back over this road last week. We found it to be in fine order-good engines, comfortable coaches, and careful and attentive conductors. The grades are so light, and the road bed in such fine condition, that the best of time can be made upon it with ease. Its business must increase in a rapid ratio. Already there are a number of saw mills and turpentine stills along the line, and we met several North Carolinians seeking localities for turpentine plantations. We had no means of compar-

has been quite large for some months.

It is expected that in the course of this year Fernandina and Cedar Keys Rail Road will be completed, when the great bulk of the California and Gulf travel | medicine that has ever been prepared in any age or any will pass over the Northeastern Road. Contracts have the Northeastern Road. Contracts have Having submitted it, with an explanation of its component been entered into to effect this result. Several lines of to a number of Physicians of Philadelphia, among whom steamers are to be placed in the Gulf, and also a line | were the late Drs. Joseph Hartshorne, and J. C. Morton, it from Fernandina to Charleston. To facilitate this travel, the Northeastern Company are building a wharf at their denot in Charleston. A through ticket from at their depot in Charleston. A through ticket from As a tonic, it is unequalled, and its properties are of so in New York to New Orleans has been agreed upon, and vigorating a nature, that it is given with perfect safety and a contract with the Postoffice Department entered into success to the most tender infants. as the cheapest route North and South. It will give for confirmed Dyspepsy can only be cured by gradually rethe Northeastern Road a vast travel, largely increase its receipts, and greatly enhance the value of its stock.—

Cheraw Gazette.

The win give storing the organs of digestion to a healthy state. The great success met with in curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsy, accompanied sometimes with a high grade of hypochondriasis, has established the most unbounded confi-

" Catherine, my daughter, can you tell how this water

"I suppose, mother, I must have spilled it a few mo-

Mrs. A. may be found in almost every community.-British Mother's Journal.

Usefulness of Fortifications.—Gen. Todleben, the heroic defender of Sebastopol, lately visited Antwerp, and while there was asked his opinion in regard to the immense fortifications which the Belgian people talk of building at that point. The distinguished engineer replied that his opinion was not favorable to the project; that he did not favor the building of fortifications as a means of defense to a country; that they were almost useless,

THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE.—Below will be found an abstract of the business of the General Land Office several years, and take pleasure in stating that his assertion for July, 1858:

recorded 6,984 transmitted 7,039 examined...... 6,124

A waggish friend says if your wife is everlastlingly complaining of being sick, just let her catch you kissing never had to pay a cent for 'help since.

The Fire at the New York City Hall. The fire commenced in the cupola of the New York

As the fire made headway, it attached a number of fireworks which had been left on the root, and rockets

he had previously cut out; but the priests said their one damaged by fire, but all the pictures which adorned the walls were safely got out and carried into the chamber of the Board of Aldermen and Mayor's office. One or two were slightly damaged by water.

The large sheet copper-statue of Washington was safely removed, also his writing-desk, which he used in 1789. The county clerk's office was damaged slightly by water. The library-room, the Mayor's office, the nearly all the public documents of the Common Council

The Councilmen's Chamber, as well as the Supervisors' room, was also uninjured. The rooms have just

been refitted and painted The clocks throughout the building all stopped, and several of them are said to be ruined by water. The

THE GRAIN CROP OF 1858.—The Prairie Farmer gives the following estimate of the grain crop in the North Western States:

"After a careful examination of the whole subject we lion; that Wisconsin will not export more than threeexport in about the same proportion as Wisconsin; and that there will be a falling off in Ohio of at least three thousand bushels per day. How much old wheat there s yet in the country we do not know, but the quantity

DEATH FROM MILK SICKNESS .- The Mobile Register speaks of the prevalence of milk sickness in that vicinity.

"Our information of the death of Mr. Simmons and his wife, from milk sickness, was derived from the brother of the deceased. They resided in the Howell's neighborhood, about sixteen miles west of the city. Both were hours, of each other, on Saturday and Sunday. Our informant also mentioned the case of a widow woman and milk. These resided just over the State line, in Greene county. There are seven or eight other cases in the neighborhood above mentioned, none of which has as yet proved fatal. The disease among the cattle is there attributed to the same cause alleged in one of the city has extended to the range.'

DYSPEPSY, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSY. MORBID SENSIBILITY OF THE STOMACH AND

Dyspepsy and its attendant ills, such as Nausea, Headache, Vertigo, Dimness of Sight Debility of the Nervous System, Hypochondria, Jaundice, Loss of appetite, Wasting of the strength, Flatulence, with frequent belching of wind, Vitiated taste, Constipation and uneasiness of the bowels.

Burning sensation at the pit of the stomach,

Bilious Vomiting,

Liver Complaint, Oppression after eating Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the pit of the stomach, or towards the right side. Depression of spirits and irritability of temper, &c., Have in many cases defied the skill, heretofore, of the best

medical practitioners in the world, and many cases have been abandoned as incurable. Dr. J. WILLIAMS, Chemist and Pharmaceutist, after studying closely the practice of Drs. Abernethy and J. John son, England and observing the nature of the disease in all ing its monthly business so as to arrive at correct results. The travel from the low country and from Cuba portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States, where it prevails to a greater portion of the United States are prevailed by the prevail of the United States are prevailed by the prevailed by the

dence in the curative properties of this "Elixir," in corrob oration of which read the following testimonials. ATTESTATION .- We, having used Williams' "Anti-Dys peptic Elixir," with the most perfect satisfaction and suc

delphia. Wm. Yard, 6 City Row; Rudolph L'Arni, 26 Broadway; H. N. Winans, 94 Water street, New York. The list of names could be extended to almost any length but the foregoing is deemed sufficient.

Testimoney of H. N. Sperry, who was abandoned as INCURA. BLE AND GIVEN UP TO DIE. DR. J. WILLIAMS—Dear Sir:—For fifteen years previous to 1854, I suffered so much from Dyspepsy, that I became completely prostrated, both in mind and body, and a

length became so weakened I could not attend to my bus ness, and was sinking into a decline, and it was believed never could recover; the best medical aid was procured me, and every means resorted to without any relief, till I was advised to use your "Elixir," and from the time I began taking it I gradually improved till I was completely restored to health. The dreadful sufferings I endured from Dyspensy I cannot describe; but I am and depart that with in presence of modern artillery. It is not improbable that this observation of Gen. Todleben may decide negatively the question that is now occupying much of the attention of the Belgian Parliament and people.

The Grand State of State o June 6th, 1857 No. 1104 N. Third street, Philadelphia. We, the undersigned, have known Mr. H. N. Sperry for

> THOMAS J. CHANDLER, No. 143 Phoenix street JOHN EHRET, Race street above Second. Personally appeared before me, (one of the Aldermen of the City of Philadelphia,) H. N. Sperry, who being duly affirmed, doth depose and say, that the facts set forth in the

can be perfectly relied on, and that we ourselves know that

above certificate are true in every particular. Sworn and subscribed this 6th day of June, 1857. FREDERICK REEL, Alderman The "Elixir" is sold in bottles, at \$1 00 each, or 6 bot positive cure of Ague, Chill and Fever, &c. Proprietor,
JAMES WILLIAMS, M. D., Chemist and Parmacuetist,
No. 4 South SEVENTH street, Philadelphia.

March, 10th, 1868